Sudden Oak Death in California 2019

California Oak Mortality Task Force
November 14, 2019
Tanoak mortality in California, 2019: North

Draft data: Jeff Moore
Tanoak mortality in California, 2019: South

Draft data: Jeff Moore
North Coast:
Fort Ross/
Sonoma Coast
North Coast: Redwood Creek watershed
North Coast: Del Norte County
Multiple infestations were identified in Marin County, including northeast of San Rafael, Larkspur, Woodacre, Mount Tamalpais, Marin City and north of Inverness.

San Francisco Parks, including the Presidio, were negative for a second year in a row, suggesting that disease management practices have been successfully implemented in the area.

Several cases were identified in the northern neighborhoods of the City of Napa. No positives had been found in this area since 2011.

Spikes in the estimated SOD infection level at certain locations are particularly noteworthy; for example, from 1 to 12 percent in the Western part of the East Bay between Richmond and San Leandro, including distinct outbreaks discovered in El Cerrito, Kensington and Berkeley.

In the Peninsula, SOD was identified in Burlingame Hills, Northern Woodside, Emerald Hills, Palomar Park, Portola Valley. In Los Altos Hills and Loyola, SOD positive trees were detected both east and west of Interstate 280. An outbreak was detected west of Saratoga.

High levels of infection were identified all along Skyline between Bear Gulch Road and Highway 17, and on the Western slopes of the Santa Cruz mountains between Skyline and Pescadero. Also on both sides of the ridge between Watsonville and Morgan Hill (Hwy 152).
Central Coast:
Monterey County

Photos: Kerri Frangioso
Central Coast: San Luis Obispo County

Photos and map: Kim Corella
Special thanks for contributions

- Kim Corella
- Kerri Frangioso
- Susan Frankel
- Matteo Garbelotto
- Mike Jones
- Jeff Moore
- Brendan Twieg
- Yana Valachovic